Patagonia Social and Environmental Compliance Benchmarks for Suppliers 2013

Patagonia's benchmark document outlines international best practices in human rights and environmental responsibility for suppliers. Benchmarks are aligned to each Patagonia Code of Conduct element. In the spirit of continuous improvement, suppliers will be assessed for compliance to these benchmarks with audit findings and remediation tracked per benchmark. Patagonia's benchmarks meet the Fair Labor Association's (FLA) benchmarks and exceed them in sections I, XI, and XII through XVIII.

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISIONS: Our suppliers are expected to comply with and will be monitored to: (1) all relevant and applicable laws and regulations of the country in which workers are employed including those at the federal, state/provincial and local community levels, (2) our Supplier Workplace Code of Conduct, (3) detailed Compliance Benchmark document, and (4) where applicable, Collective Bargaining Agreements. The Compliance Benchmarks identify specific requirements for meeting each Code standard. When differences or conflicts in standards arise, suppliers are expected to comply with the highest standard that is the most in favor of the employees.

L&CC.1 Federal/country la	aw
L&CC.1.1	Suppliers shall comply with all relevant and applicable federal and county laws in which the workers are employed.
L&CC.2 State/Provincial/L	· ·
L&CC.2.1	Suppliers shall comply with all relevant and applicable state/provincial/city laws in which the workers are employed.

II. CHILD LABOR: (CL)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: No person shall be employed under the age of 15 or under the age for completion of compulsory education, whichever is higher. Juvenile workers (ages 15-17) shall not perform work which, by its nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to compromise their health, safety or morals. (ILO Convention 138 and 182)

CL.1 General Compliance C	Child Labor
CL.1.1	Employers shall comply with all national laws, regulations and procedures concerning
	the prohibition of child labor.
CL.2 Child Labor	
CL.2.1	Employers shall not employ anyone under the age of 15 or under the age for
	completion of compulsory education, whichever is higher.
CL.3 Government Permits	and Parental Consent Documentation
CL.3.1	Employers shall abide by all relevant rules and procedures where the law requires
	government permits or permission from parents as a condition of employment, and
	shall keep documentation on-site for inspection at all times.
CL.4 Employment of Young	g Workers
CL.4.1	Employers shall comply with all relevant laws that apply to young workers, (e.g. those
	between the minimum working age and the age of 18) including regulations related

	to hiring, working conditions, types of work, hours of work, proof of age
	documentation, and overtime.
	ous Work for Young Workers
CL.5.1	No person under the age of 18 shall undertake hazardous work, i.e. work which, by its
	nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health,
	safety or morals of persons under the age of 18.
CL.6 Young V	Vorkers Identification System
CL.6.1	Employers shall have a system for identifying work stations and operations that are
	inappropriate for young workers according to applicable laws.
CL.7 Apprent	iceships and Vocational Training/Minimum Working Age
CL.7.1	Apprentices or vocational students shall not be under the age of 15 or under the age
	for completion of compulsory education, whichever is higher.
CL.8 Apprent	iceships and Vocational Training/Legal Compliance
CL.8.1	Employers shall comply with all regulations and requirements of apprentice or
	vocational education programs, and shall be able to document to monitors that these
	are legally recognized programs. Informal arrangements of any kind are not
	acceptable.
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	f Movement/Employer Controlled Residence
FL.6.1	The freedom of movement of workers who live in employer-owned or -controlled
	residences shall not be unreasonably restricted.
FL.7 Freedom of	f Movement/Workers Ability to Terminate
Employers shall no	ot utilize practices that restrict workers freedom of movement or ability to terminate his or her
employment. Exar	nples of such practices include, but are not limited to:
FL.7.1	(the threat of) physical or mental coercion;
FL.7.2	requiring deposits;
FL.7.3	imposing financial penalties;
FL.7.4	requiring recruitment fees;
FL.7.5	setting production targets or piece rates at such a level that workers need to work
	beyond regular working hours (excluding overtime) as set under the FLA Workplace
	Code in order to make the legal minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage; and
FL.7.6	denying and hampering access to, and renewal of, identity papers and/or work
	permits or any other personal legal (identification) documents.
FL.8 Forced Ove	<u> </u>
FL.8.1	The imposition of overtime where workers are unable to leave the work premises
	constitutes forced labor.
FL.9 Personal W	orkers Identification and Other Documents
FL.9.1	Workers shall retain possession or control of their passports, identity papers, travel
-	documents, and other personal legal documents.
FL.9.2	Employers may obtain copies of original documents for record-keeping purposes.
	or Employee Documents
FL.10.1	Employers shall provide at employee request secure storage for employees
	documents such as passports, identity papers, travel documents, and other personal
	legal documents. Such storage shall be freely accessible to workers.
FL.10.2	legal documents. Such storage shall be freely accessible to workers. Employers shall not withhold any such documents or restrict workers' access to them
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HAD.4 Discipline/P	Physical Abuse
HAD.4.1	Employers shall not use any form of – or threat of – physical violence, including slaps, pushes or other forms of physical contact as a means to maintain labor discipline.
_	/erbal Abuse
HAD.5.1	Employers shall not use any form of verbal violence, including screaming, yelling, or
	the use of threatening, demeaning, or insulting language, as a means to maintain labor discipline.
HAD.6 Discipline/P	Psychological Abuse
HAD.6.1	Employers shall not use any form – or threat – of psychological abuse, such as forcing
	workers to sign letters of self-criticism or posting names of workers subject to
	disciplinary measures as a means to maintain labor discipline.
HAD.7 Discipline/F	reedom of Movement
HAD.7.1	Employers shall not unreasonably restrain the freedom of movement of workers,
	including movement in canteens, during breaks, using toilets, accessing water, or
	accessing necessary medical attention, as a means to maintain labor discipline.
HAD.8 Violence/Ha	arassment or Abuse
HAD.8.1	Employers shall ensure that the workplace is free from any type of violence,
	harassment or abuse, be it physical, sexual, psychological, verbal, or otherwise.
HAD.8.2	Employers shall refrain from any action, and shall take all appropriate action to
	ensure that all workers refrain from any action, that would result in an intimidating,
	hostile or offensive work environment for workers.
HAD.8.3	If not provided under law, employers must provide protection to workers who
11112.0.0	allege harassment or abuse violations.
HAD.9 Sexual Hara	
HAD.9.1	Employers shall refrain from:
HAD.9.1.1	any act of sexual harassment, including inappropriate remark, insult, joke,
	insinuation, and comment on a person's dress, physique, age, family situation, etc;
HAD.9.1.2	a condescending or paternalistic attitude with sexual implications undermining
	dignity;
HAD.9.1.3	any unwelcome invitation or request, implicit or explicit, whether or not accompanied
	by threats;
HAD.9.1.4	any lascivious look or other gesture associated with sexuality; and
HAD.9.1.5	any unnecessary physical contact such as touching, caresses, pinching or assault.
HAD.9.2	Employers shall not offer, or take any action that may suggest an offer of,
1170.3.2	recruitment, continued employment, promotion, improved working conditions,
	preferential work assignments or other preferential treatment in exchange for a
	sexual relationship
HVD 0 3	·
HAD.9.3	Employers shall not subject workers to prejudicial treatment of any kind in retaliation
1140.04	for refused sexual advances or corrected inappropriate behavior.
HAD.9.4	Employers shall refrain from any action, and shall take all appropriate action to
	ensure that all workers refrain from any action, that would result in a sexually
	intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment for workers.
	ractices/Body Searches
HAD.10.1	All security practices shall be gender appropriate and nonintrusive, so that the dignity
	of workers concerned is protected when a search is undertaken.

HAD.10.2	Searching of bags and other personal items to prevent theft is acceptable.
HAD.10.3	Body searches and physical pat downs shall only be undertaken when there is a
	legitimate reason to do so and upon consent of workers, unless a state official with
	the power to do so (e.g. police officer) has ordered the search.
HAD.10.4	Body searches shall not be undertaken in public and the person who undertakes the
	search shall be of the same sex as the person who is being searched.
HAD.11 Punishment of Ab	usive Workers/Supervisors/Managers/Workers
HAD.11.1	Employers shall have a system to discipline supervisors, managers or workers who
	engage in any physical, sexual, psychological or verbal violence, harassment or abuse,
	through measures such as compulsory counseling, warnings, demotions, and
	terminations or a combination thereof regardless of whether such action was
	intended as a means to maintain labor discipline.

V. DISCRIMINATION (DSC)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: No person shall be subject to any discrimination in any aspect of the employment, relationship including recruitment, hiring, compensation, benefits, work assignments, access to training, advancement, discipline, termination or retirement, on the basis of race, religious belief, color, gender, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, age, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or mental disability, medical condition, illness, genetic characteristics, family care, marital status, status as a veteran or qualified disabled veteran (in the USA only), caste, *socio-economic situation*, political opinion, union affiliation, ethnic group, illness any other classification protected under applicable law. All employment decisions must be made based on the principle of equal employment opportunity, and shall include effective mechanisms to protect migrant, temporary or seasonal workers against any form of discrimination. (ILO Conventions 100 and 111)

DSC.1 General Compliance	Nondiscrimination
DSC.1.1	Employers shall comply with all national laws, regulations and procedures concerning
	nondiscrimination.
DSC.2 Recruitment and En	nployment Practices/Job Advertisements, Job Descriptions and Evaluation Policies
DSC.2.1	Recruitment and employment policies and practices, including job advertisements,
	job descriptions, and job performance/evaluation policies and practices shall be free
	from any type of discriminatory bias.
DSC.2.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination in recruitment and employment practices.
DSC.3 Compensation Discr	imination
DSC.3.1	There shall be no differences in compensation for workers for work of equal value on
	the basis of gender, race, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, nationality,
	political opinion, social group or ethnic origin.
DSC.3.1.1	Compensation includes the basic minimum or prevailing industry wage and fringe
	benefits arising out of the workers employment made directly or indirectly, whether
	in cash or in-kind, by the employers to the workers.
DSC.3.1.2	Fringe benefits include wage differentials or increments based on seniority or marital
	status, cost of living allowances, housing or residential allowances, family allowances,
	and nonwage compensation (e.g. allotment for cleaning of work clothes or safety
	equipment) and social security benefits.

DSC.3.1.3	Employers shall ensure that migrant/contract/contingent/temporary workers are
	compensated directly and in full, without deduction for recruitment fees or any other
	agency charge for services, such as obtaining residency permits or work visas on
	behalf of workers.
DSC.3.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination in compensation.
DSC.4 Marital Discr	imination
DSC.4.1	Employers shall not discriminate on the basis of marital status.
DSC.4.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination based on marital status.
DSC.5 Pregnancy Te	esting
DSC.5.1	Employers shall not use pregnancy tests or the use of contraception as a condition of
	hiring or of continued employment.
DSC.5.2	Employers shall not require pregnancy testing of female workers, except as required
	by national law.
DSC.5.2.1	In such cases, employers shall not use (the results of) such tests as a condition of
	hiring or continued employment.
DSC.5.3	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination as a condition in hiring or continued employment based on pregnancy
	tests or the use of contraception.
DSC.6 Marriage or I	Pregnancy Discrimination
DSC.6.1	Employers shall not threaten female workers with dismissal or any other
	employment decision that negatively affects their employment status in order to
	prevent them from getting married or becoming pregnant.
DSC.6.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination in the form of threat of dismissal or any other employment decision
	that negatively affects their employment status based their intention to get married
	or become pregnant.
DSC.7 Pregnancy ar	nd Employment Status
DSC.7.1	Employers shall not, on the basis of a woman's pregnancy, make any employment
	decisions that negatively affect a pregnant woman's employment status, including
	decisions concerning dismissal, loss of seniority, or deduction of wages.
DSC.7.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination in the form of employment decisions that negatively affect their
	employment status based on pregnancy.
DSC.8 Protection ar	nd Accommodation of Pregnant Workers and New Mothers
DSC.8.1	Employers shall abide by all protective provisions in national laws and
	regulations benefitting pregnant workers and new mothers, including provisions
	concerning maternity leave and other benefits; prohibitions regarding night work,
	temporary reassignments away from work stations and work environments that may
	pose a risk to the health of pregnant women and their unborn children or new
	mothers and their new born children, temporary adjustment of working hours during
	and after pregnancy, and the provision of breast-feeding breaks and facilities.
DSC.8.1.1	Where such legal protective provisions are lacking, employers shall take reasonable
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	measures to ensure the safety and health of pregnant women and their unborn
	children.
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DCC 0.4.2	
DSC.8.1.2	Such measures shall be taken in a manner that shall not unreasonably affect the
DCC 0.2	employment status, including compensation of pregnant women.
DSC.8.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	discrimination with regard to implementation of provisions protecting and
	accommodating pregnant workers and new mothers.
	ed Discrimination
DSC.9.1	Employers shall not, on the basis of a person's health status, make any employment
	decisions that negatively affect the persons employment status, including decisions
	concerning recruitment, termination, promotion, or assignment of work, unless such
	decision is dictated by the inherent requirements of the job or a medical necessity to
	protect the worker and/or other workers.
DSC.10 Medical Exa	
DSC.10.1	Employers are allowed to require routine medical examination to assess general
	fitness as a condition for recruitment or continued employment but shall not include
	testing for any disease or illness, such as HIV/AIDS, that does not have an immediate
	effect on a person's fitness and is not contagious.
	lity of Health Status
DSC.11.1	Employers shall respect the confidentiality of workers' health status and not
	undertake any action that could lead to a breach of said confidentiality, including
	screening, whether by direct or indirect testing (for instance, by making an
	assessment of risk behavior), or asking questions about previously taken tests or
	medications.
	Accommodation for Health Reasons
DSC.12.1	Employers shall take measures to reasonably accommodate workers with (chronic)
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	illnesses, including HIV/AIDS-related illnesses, which could include rearrangement of
	working time, the provision of special equipment, opportunities for rest breaks, time-
	working time, the provision of special equipment, opportunities for rest breaks, time-off for medical appointments, flexible sick leave, part-time work and return-to-work
	working time, the provision of special equipment, opportunities for rest breaks, time-off for medical appointments, flexible sick leave, part-time work and return-to-work arrangements.
VI. FREEDOM OF ASSO WORKPLACE CODE Precognize and respect must develop and fu employee complaints	working time, the provision of special equipment, opportunities for rest breaks, time- off for medical appointments, flexible sick leave, part-time work and return-to-work arrangements. DCIATION AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING: (FOA&CB) ROVISION: Workers must be free to join organizations of their own choice. Suppliers shall t the right of employees to freedom of association and collective bargaining. All suppliers ally implement effective grievance mechanisms which resolve internal industrial disputes
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VI. FREEDOM OF ASSO WORKPLACE CODE Precognize and respective must develop and further employee complaints representatives and notes. FOA&CB.1 General FOA&CB.1.1	working time, the provision of special equipment, opportunities for rest breaks, time- off for medical appointments, flexible sick leave, part-time work and return-to-work arrangements. CCIATION AND COLLECTIVE BARGAINING: (FOA&CB) ROVISION: Workers must be free to join organizations of their own choice. Suppliers shalt the right of employees to freedom of association and collective bargaining. All suppliers shalt the right of employees to freedom of association and collective bargaining. All suppliers shall ensure effective, respectful and transparent communication between employees, their management. (ILO Conventions 87, 98 and 135) Compliance Freedom of Association Employers shall comply with all national laws, regulations and procedures concerning freedom of association and collective bargaining. Freely Associate Workers, without distinction whatsoever, shall have the right to establish and to join organizations of their own choosing, subject only to the rules of the organization

FOA&CB.3	Legal Restrictio	n/Alternative Means
FOA&CB.3.1		When the right to freedom of association and collective bargaining is restricted under
. 0710.0510.1		law, employers shall not obstruct legal alternative means of workers association.
FOA&CB.4	Anti-Union Viol	ence/Harassment or Abuse
FOA&CB.4.1	7	Employers shall not use any form of physical or psychological violence, threats,
1 0710001111		intimidation, retaliation, harassment or abuse against union representatives and
		workers seeking to form or join an organization of their own choosing.
FOA&CB.4.1	1	Such practices shall not be used against workers' organizations or workers
10/400.4.1.	.1	participating or intending to participate in union activities, including strikes.
FOA&CB.5	Anti-Union Disc	rimination/Dismissal, Other Loss of Rights, and Blacklisting
FOA&CB.5.1	7 00 20	Employers shall not engage in any acts of anti-union discrimination or retaliation,
TOAGED.S.1		i.e. shall not make any employment decisions which negatively affect workers based
		wholly or in part on a workers' union membership or participation in union activity,
		including the formation of a union, previous employment in a unionized facility,
		participation in collective bargaining efforts or participation in a legal strike.
FOA&CB.5.1	1	Employment decisions include: hiring; termination; job security;
10/4000.5.1.	.1	job assignment; compensation; promotion; downgrading; transfer; (vocational)
		training; discipline; and assignment of work and conditions of work including hours of
		work, rest periods, and occupational safety and health measures.
FOA&CB.5.1	2	The use of blacklists used to contravene the exercise of the right to freedom of
TOAQCD.S.I.	.2	association, for instance blacklists based on union membership or participation in
		union activity, also constitutes anti-union discrimination.
FOA&CB.6	Postoration of \	Workers Rights/Reinstatement
FOA&CB.6.1	Restoration of	Workers who have been unjustly dismissed, demoted or otherwise suffered a loss of
TOAQCB.U.1		rights and privileges at work due to an act of union discrimination shall, subject to
		national laws, be entitled to restoration of all the rights and privileges lost, including
		reinstatement, if they so desire.
FOA&CB.7	Protection of II	nion Representatives
FOA&CB.7.1	110000000000000000000000000000000000000	Employers shall comply with all relevant provisions where national laws provide
1 0/10051/11		special protection to workers or worker representatives engaged in a particular union
		activity (such as union formation) or to worker representatives with a particular
		status (such as founding union members or current union office holders).
FOA&CB.8	Production Shif	t/Workplace Closure
FOA&CB.8.1		Employers shall not (threaten to) shift production or close a workplace site in an
. 07 (00).0.1		attempt to prevent the formation of a union, in reaction to the formation of a union,
		in reaction to any other legitimate exercise of the right to freedom of association and
		collective bargaining, including the right to strike, or in an effort to break up a union.
FOA&CB.8.2		If a workplace is closing and there is a dispute that the closure was done to prevent or
. 0, (0,0).0.2		hamper the legitimate exercise of the right to freedom of association, employers shall
		provide proof that can be assessed by a third party to determine the validity of the
		reasons given for closure.
FOA&CB.9	Severance Pay	
FOA&CB.9.1		Employers shall not offer or use severance pay in any form or under any other name
		as a means of contravening the right to freedom of association, including attempts to
		prevent or restrict union formation or union activity, including strikes.
FOA&CB.10	Employer Inte	
FUA&CB.10	Employer inte	rierence

FOA&CB.10.1		Employers shall refrain from any acts of interference with the formation or operation
		of workers' organizations, including acts which are designed to establish or promote
		the domination, financing or control of workers' organizations by employers.
FOA&CB.11	Employer Inter	rference/Constitution, Elections, Administration, Activities and Programs
FOA&CB.11.1		Employers shall not interfere with the right of workers to draw up their constitutions
		and rules, to elect their representatives in full freedom, to organize their
		administration and activities, and to formulate their programs.
FOA&CB.12	Employer Inter	rference/Registration
FOA&CB.12.1		Employers shall not attempt to influence or interfere in any way, to the detriment of
		workers' organizations, with government registration decisions, procedures and
		requirements regarding the formation of workers' organizations.
FOA&CB.13	Employer Inter	rference/Favoritism
FOA&CB.13.1		Employers shall not interfere with the right to freedom of association by favoring one
		workers' organization over another.
FOA&CB.13.1.	.1	In cases where a single union represents workers, employers shall not attempt to
		influence or interfere in any way in workers' ability to form other organizations that
		represent workers.
FOA&CB.14	Employer Inter	rference/Police and Military Forces
FOA&CB.14.1		Employers shall not in any way threaten the use of or use the presence of police or
		military, to prevent, disrupt or break up any activities that constitute a peaceful
		exercise of the right to freedom of association, including union meetings, assemblies
		and strikes.
FOA&CB.15	Facilities for W	/orker Representatives
FOA&CB.15.1		Worker representatives shall have the facilities necessary for the proper exercise of
		their functions, including access to workplaces.
FOA&CB.16	Right to Collec	tive Bargaining/Good Faith
FOA&CB.16.1		Employers shall recognize the rights of workers to free and voluntary collective
		bargaining with a view to the regulation of terms and conditions of employment by
		bargaining with a view to the regulation of terms and conditions of employment by
		collective agreements.
FOA&CB.16.2		
FOA&CB.16.2		collective agreements.
FOA&CB.16.2	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement.
		collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in
FOA&CB.17		collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions
FOA&CB.17		collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by
FOA&CB.17		collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not
FOA&CB.17		collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.17.1	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers.
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.17.1 FOA&CB.18	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.17.1 FOA&CB.18	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.17.1 FOA&CB.18 FOA&CB.18.1	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of unorganized workers when no workers' organization exists.
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.18 FOA&CB.18.1 FOA&CB.19	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of unorganized workers when no workers' organization exists. tive Bargaining/Compliance with Collective Bargaining Agreement
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.18 FOA&CB.18.1 FOA&CB.19	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of unorganized workers when no workers' organization exists. tive Bargaining/Compliance with Collective Bargaining Agreement Employers, unions and workers shall honor in good faith, for the term of the
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.18 FOA&CB.18.1 FOA&CB.19	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of unorganized workers when no workers' organization exists. tive Bargaining/Compliance with Collective Bargaining Agreement Employers, unions and workers shall honor in good faith, for the term of the agreement, the terms of any collective bargaining agreement they have agreed to and
FOA&CB.17 FOA&CB.18 FOA&CB.18.1 FOA&CB.19.1	Right to Collec	collective agreements. Employers and worker representatives shall bargain in good faith, i.e. engage in genuine and constructive negotiations and make every effort to reach an agreement. tive Bargaining/Exclusive Bargaining and Other Recognized Unions Employers shall bargain with any union that has been recognized by law or by agreement between the employer and that union, provided such agreement does not contravene national law, as a, or the exclusive, bargaining agent for some or all of its workers. tive Bargaining/Unorganized Workers Employers can only engage in collective bargaining with representatives of unorganized workers when no workers' organization exists. tive Bargaining/Compliance with Collective Bargaining Agreement Employers, unions and workers shall honor in good faith, for the term of the agreement, the terms of any collective bargaining agreement they have agreed to and signed.

FOA&CB.20 Ri	tht to Collective Bargaining/Validity of Collective Bargaining Agreement
FOA&CB.20.1	Collective bargaining agreements that have not been negotiated freely, voluntarily
I OAQCD.ZU.I	and in good faith shall be considered not applicable.
EO	Provisions in collective bargaining agreements that contradict national laws, rules and
FOA&CB.20.2	procedures or offer less protection to workers than provisions of the FLA Workplace
FOA&CB.21 Ri	Code shall also be considered not applicable. ghts of Minority Unions and their Members
FOA&CB.21.1	Unions not recognized as a bargaining agent of some or all of the workers in a facility
	shall have the means for defending the occupational interests of their members,
	including making representations on their behalf and representing them in cases of
FOA 6 CD 22 D:	individual grievances, within limits established by applicable law.
	tht to Strike/Sanction for Organizing or Participating in Legal Strikes
FOA&CB.22.1	Employers shall not impose any sanction on workers organizing or having participated
	in a legal strike.
	ght to Strike/Replacement Workers
FOA&CB.23.1	Employers shall not hire replacement workers in order to prevent or break up a legal
	strike or to avoid negotiating in good faith.
FOA&CB.24 De	duction of Union Dues and Other Fees
FOA&CB.24.1	Employers cannot deduct union membership fees or any other union fees from
	workers' wages without the express and written consent of individual workers, unles
	specified otherwise in freely negotiated and valid collective bargaining agreements.
FOA&CB.25 G	rievance Mechanisms
FOA&CB.25.1	All suppliers must develop and fully implement effective grievance mechanisms whic
	All suppliers must develop and fully implement effective grievance mechanisms which resolve internal industrial disputes, employee complaints, and ensure effective,
	resolve internal industrial disputes, employee complaints, and ensure effective,
FOA&CB.25.1	respectful and transparent communication between employees, their representative and management. Please also see additional benchmarks in section ER.25.
VII. EMPLOYME WORKPLACE CO	resolve internal industrial disputes, employee complaints, and ensure effective, respectful and transparent communication between employees, their representative and management. Please also see additional benchmarks in section ER.25. NT RELATIONSHIP: (ER) DE PROVISIONS: Employers shall adopt and adhere to rules and conditions of employment that and, at a minimum, safeguard their rights under national and international labor and social
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ER.2.1	
L11.4.1	Employers shall maintain on file all documentation needed to demonstrate
	compliance with the FLA Workplace Code and required laws.
ER.2.1.1	Employers shall make these documents available to third-party assessors
	commissioned by the FLA and/or Patagonia and shall submit to inspections without
	prior notice.
ER.2.2	All notices that are legally required to be posted in the workplace work areas shall be
	posted by employers.
ER.3 Recruitment a	nd Hiring/Employment Decisions
ER.3.1	All employment decisions shall be made solely on the basis of a person's
	qualifications, in terms of education, training, experience, demonstrated skills and/or
	abilities, as they relate to the inherent requirements of a particular job.
ER.3.2	Employment decisions shall not be made on the basis of gender, race, religion, age,
	sexual orientation, nationality, political opinion, social group, ethnic origin, marital
	status, or union affiliation or sympathy.
ER.4 Recruitment a	nd Hiring/Proof of Age Documentation
ER.4.1	Employers shall collect and maintain all documentation necessary to confirm and
	verify date of birth of all workers, such as birth certificates.
ER.4.1.1	Employers shall take reasonable measures to ensure such documentation
	is complete and accurate.
ER.4.1.2	In those cases where proof of age documentation is not readily available or
	unreliable, employers shall take all necessary precautions which can reasonably be
	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age,
	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age,
ER.5 Recruitment a	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or
	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context.
Employers shall not	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as:
Employers shall not	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices Use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: Using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment;
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Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment;
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Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment; for migrant workers, a copy should be provided prior to departure from their home town; retaining possession or control of workers identification and other documents like
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment; for migrant workers, a copy should be provided prior to departure from their home town; retaining possession or control of workers identification and other documents like passports, identity papers, work permits, and other personal legal documents;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment; for migrant workers, a copy should be provided prior to departure from their home town; retaining possession or control of workers identification and other documents like passports, identity papers, work permits, and other personal legal documents; providing for financial penalties; and
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment; for migrant workers, a copy should be provided prior to departure from their home town; retaining possession or control of workers identification and other documents like passports, identity papers, work permits, and other personal legal documents;
Employers shall not ER.5.1 ER.5.2 ER.5.3 ER.5.4 ER.5.5 ER.5.6 ER.5.7 ER.5.7.1 ER.5.8 ER.5.9 ER.5.10	expected of them to ensure that all workers are at least the minimum working age, including requesting and maintaining medical or religious records of workers, or through other means considered reliable in the local context. Ind Hiring/Employment Agency Recruitment Practices use employment agencies that rely on practices such as: using false information to recruit workers; restricting workers' freedom of movement; requiring workers to pay recruitment and/or employment fees; providing inadequate housing; restricting transit of workers; providing precarious employment; withholding from workers a copy of their employment contract in their native language that sets forth the general terms and conditions of engagement and employment; for migrant workers, a copy should be provided prior to departure from their home town; retaining possession or control of workers identification and other documents like passports, identity papers, work permits, and other personal legal documents; providing for financial penalties; and
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	migrant/contract/contingent/temporary workers and ensures equality of
	compensation and workplace standards as set under the FLA Workplace Code and
	national laws and regulations.
ER.6.2	Fees associated with the employment of workers shall be the sole responsibility of
LIN.U.Z	employers.
	employers.
ER.7 Recruitment and	Hiring/General Principles on the Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers
ER.7.1	Employers shall hire contract/contingent/temporary workers only if such hiring is
	consistent with the national law of the country of production.
ER.7.2	Employers shall have in place written policies and procedures regulating the
	recruitment and hiring of contract/contingent/temporary workers.
	/2
	Hiring/Conditions of Hiring Contract or Temporary Workers ntract or temporary workers only when contract or temporary employment is allowed
	e of the following conditions is met:
ER.8.1	the permanent workforce of the enterprise is not sufficient to meet unexpected or
L	unusually large volume of orders;
ER.8.2	exceptional circumstances may result in great financial loss to the supplier if
ER.8.2	exceptional electristances may result in great infancial loss to the supplier in
2111012	delivery of goods cannot be met on time: or
-	delivery of goods cannot be met on time; or
-	delivery of goods cannot be met on time; or work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce.
ER.8.3	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce.
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not:	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce.
ER.8.3	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not:	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms;
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment.
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms
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ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms
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ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond ER.10.1 ER.10.1.1	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms Employment Terms ball be those to which the worker has voluntarily agreed, in as far as those terms do not fall below: provisions of national laws;
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond ER.10.1 ER.10.1.1 ER.10.1.2 ER.10.1.3	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms Employment Terms ball be those to which the worker has voluntarily agreed, in as far as those terms do not fall below: provisions of national laws; freely negotiated and valid collective bargaining agreements; or
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond ER.10.1 ER.10.1.1 ER.10.1.2 ER.10.1.3 ER.10.2	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms Employment Terms shall be those to which the worker has voluntarily agreed, in as far as those terms do not fall below: provisions of national laws; freely negotiated and valid collective bargaining agreements; or the FLA Workplace Code.
ER.8.3 ER.9 Recruitment and Employers shall not: ER.9.1 ER.9.2 ER.9.3 ER.10 Terms and Cond	work that needs to be done and is outside the professional expertise of the permanent workforce. Hiring/Invalid Use of Contract, Contingent or Temporary Workers use contract/contingent/temporary workers on a regular basis for the long-term or multiple short-terms; hire contract/contingent/temporary workers as a means to support normal business needs on a continuous basis or as regular employment practice; or make excessive use of fixed-term contracts or schemes where there is no real intent to impart skills or provide regular employment. itions/Employment Terms Employment Terms shall be those to which the worker has voluntarily agreed, in as far as those terms do not fall below: provisions of national laws; freely negotiated and valid collective bargaining agreements; or the FLA Workplace Code. There can be no employment terms which allow employers:

contract/contingent	' '
ER.11.1	the enterprise defines the job functions or tasks that contract/contingent/temporary
	workers are hired to perform and maintains information on the use of
	contract/contingent/temporary workers in relation to production needs;
ER.11.2	contract/contingent/temporary workers receive at least the minimum wage or the
	prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher, and all legally mandated fringe
	benefits;
ER.11.2.1	contract/contingent workers receive at least the same compensation
	as regular workers performing the same job functions or tasks with similar levels of
	experience or seniority
ER.11.3	national laws governing contract/contingent/temporary workers are observed.
	Contract/contingent/temporary workers shall be provided an employment
	agreement, setting out the employment terms and conditions;
ER.11.4	workplace rules and regulations apply to contract/contingent/temporary workers
	the same as for permanent workers;
ER.11.5	personnel files and all relevant employment information for contract/ contingent/
	temporary workers are maintained and accessible at the workplace site, at all times;
ER.11.6	contract/contingent/temporary workers who are hired on more than one occasion
	for seasonal production and specialization sign a separate contract for each new hire
	event. The workplace retains the same identification number and all relevant
	information in each worker's nersonnal file, and
	information in each worker's personnel file; and
ER.11.7	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is
ER.11.7	
ER.11.7	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is
	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is
	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees.
ER.12 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee
ER.12 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent
ER.12 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first
ER.12 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment.
ER.12 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall:
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher;
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher;
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2 ER.13.3	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. Inditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. Inditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and be subject to workplace conditions as set by the FLA Workplace Code and national laws and regulations.
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2 ER.13.3 ER.14 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. Inditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. Inditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and be subject to workplace conditions as set by the FLA Workplace Code and national laws and regulations. Inditions/Other Special Categories of Workers
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2 ER.13.3 ER.14 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. Inditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. Inditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and be subject to workplace conditions as set by the FLA Workplace Code and national laws and regulations. Inditions/Other Special Categories of Workers Employers shall ensure that all legally mandated requirements for the protection
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2 ER.13.3 ER.14 Terms and Co	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. nditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. nditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and be subject to workplace conditions as set by the FLA Workplace Code and national laws and regulations. nditions/Other Special Categories of Workers Employers shall ensure that all legally mandated requirements for the protection or management of special categories of workers, including migrant, juvenile,
ER.12 Terms and Co ER.12.1 ER.13 Terms and Co For the time period ER.13.1 ER.13.2 ER.13.3	contract/contingent/temporary workers are given priority when the enterprise is seeking 'new' permanent employees. Inditions/Contract, Contingent or Temporary Worker to Permanent Employee For any contract/contingent/temporary worker who becomes a permanent employee, seniority and other fringe benefits eligibility must be dated from the first date as a contract/contingent/temporary worker and not from the first day of permanent employment. Inditions/Apprenticeship during which they receive training, apprentices shall: receive at least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher; receive all legal mandated fringe benefits; and be subject to workplace conditions as set by the FLA Workplace Code and national laws and regulations. Inditions/Other Special Categories of Workers Employers shall ensure that all legally mandated requirements for the protection

ER.15.1	Employers shall provide an orientation to new employees at the time of hiring, which
LN.13.1	includes explanations of the employers' rules, compensation package and policies for
	human resources, industrial relations, including respect of the right to freedom of
	association, and health and safety.
ER.15.2	Training should be updated on a regular basis, and in particular, when any policies and
	procedures are revised.
ER.15.3	Workers should be provided with written documentation that substantiates all the
	issues covered in orientation briefings.
ER.16 Terms and C	Conditions/Communication
ER.16.1	Employers shall inform workers about workplace rules, health and safety information,
	and laws regarding workers' rights with respect to freedom of association,
	compensation, working hours, and any other legally required information, and the
	FLA Code through appropriate means, including posted in local language(s)
	throughout the workplace's common areas.
ER.16.2	Where a union exists in the workplace, employers shall make available a copy of
	the collective bargaining agreement to all workers and other interested parties.
ER.17 Terms and C	Conditions/Supervisor Training
ER.17.1	Employers shall ensure that all supervisors are trained in national laws and
	regulations and the appropriate practices to ensure compliance.
ER.17.2	Trainings should be updated on a regular basis.
	ion of Compensation/Timing and Completeness
ER.18.1	Employers shall provide all legally mandated compensation to all eligible workers
	within the legally defined time periods. In addition, all compensation shall be
	calculated correctly.
FD 10 Administrat	ion of Companyation /Towningtion Davista
ER.19.1	ion of Compensation/Termination Payouts Employers shall have in place a procedure for determining termination payouts,
LN.19.1	including methods for correct assessment of payouts for all modes of
ED 10 2	termination/ retrenchment, taking into account national legal requirements.
ER.19.2	Employers shall establish channels for workers to confidentially express any concerns
	or problems they may be experiencing around legally-owed payment during a
	retrenchment process. Employers shall not demand that workers sign any declaration
	of good health, waivers or releases of other rights as a condition of receiving
	severance pay or other legal fringe benefits from the company, and shall not threaten
ER.20 Administr	to withhold fringe benefits if workers do not sign. ation of Compensation/Wage Advances
ER.20.1	Wage advances shall not exceed three months' pay or legal limits, whichever is less. Advances shall only be made following clearly established rules which have been
ER.20.2	communicated to workers.
ED 20 2 1	
ER.20.2.1	Advances must be properly documented and their receipt and accuracy must be
ED 34 Admits :	confirmed by the relevant worker in writing (e.g. signature, thumbprint).
	ation of Compensation/Free Disposal of Wages
ER.21.1	Employers may not limit in any manner the freedom of workers to dispose of their

	wages.
ER.21.2	Wages must be paid on regular working days and in principle at or near the
	workplace. Workers must be free from any coercion to make use of enterprise or
	works stores.
ER.22 Administra	tion of Fringe Benefits/Holidays, Leave, Legal Social Benefits and Bonuses
ER.22.1	Employers shall provide all legally mandated fringe benefits, including holidays,
	leave, bonuses, severance payments and 13th month payments to all eligible workers
	within legally defined time periods.
ER.22.2	All fringe benefits shall be calculated correctly.
ER.23 Administra	tion of Hours/Time Recording System
ER.23.1	Employers shall have in place policies for managing all working hour, overtime, and
	leave records in normal and exceptional circumstances.
ER.23.2	Accurate time records shall be maintained by employers, including overtime, breaks,
	and leave.
ER.23.3	Time worked by all workers, regardless of wage system, shall be fully documented by
	time cards or other mechanical or electronic recording systems.
ER.23.4	Employers shall not maintain multiple time-keeping systems and/or records.
ER.23.5	Time records maintained shall be authentic and accurate.
ER.23.6	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
2.11.23.0	existence of multiple time-keeping systems or falsification of work time records.
ER.24 Administra	tion of Hours/Production and Incentive Schemes
ER.24.1	Employers shall not set production targets, piece rates or any other incentive or
	production system at such a level that workers need to work beyond regular working
	hours as set under the FLA Workplace Code, excluding overtime, in order to make at
	least the minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage, whichever is higher.
ER.25 Industrial R	
ER.25.1	Workplace rules, policies, and practices shall be communicated to all workers in the
	local language or language spoken by workers if different from the local language.
ER.25.2	Employers shall have a clear and transparent system of worker and management
L.W.23.2	communication that enables workers to consult with and provide input to
	management. This might include suggestion boxes, workers committees, designated
	spaces for worker meetings, and meetings between management and workers'
	representatives.
ER.25.3	There shall be a mechanism that allows workers to report harassment and grievances
	confidentially, including any concerns or problems they may be experiencing around
	legally-owed payments during a retrenchment process.
ER.25.3.1	Employers shall have in place written procedures that allow a direct settlement of the
2111231311	grievance by the worker and the immediate supervisor. Where this is inappropriate or
	has failed, there should be additional options for senior management review and
	consideration, depending on the nature of the grievance and the structure and size of
	the enterprise.
ER.25.3.2	Employers shall ensure that the grievance procedures and applicable rules are known
LN.2J.3.2	to workers.
ER.26 Industrial R	Relations/Right to Organize, Bargain and Participate in Legal Strikes
ER.26.1	
LN.20.1	Employers shall respect all laws, rules and procedures protecting the rights of workers
	to organize, bargain collectively, and participate in strikes consistent with ILO

	principles and jurisprudence
ED 27 Wards Dules -	principles and jurisprudence.
	and Discipline
ER.27.1	Employers shall have written disciplinary rules, procedures and practices that
	embody a system of progressive discipline (e.g. a system of maintaining discipline
	through the application of escalating disciplinary action moving from verbal warnings
	to written warnings to suspension and finally to termination).
ER.27.2	Employers shall ensure managers and supervisors are fully familiar with the
	workplace disciplinary system and in applying appropriate disciplinary practices.
ER.27.2.1	The disciplinary system shall be applied in a fair and nondiscriminatory manner and
	include a management review of the actions by someone senior to the manager who
	imposed the disciplinary action.
ER.27.2.2	Employers shall maintain written records of all disciplinary actions taken.
ER.27.3	Disciplinary rules, procedures and practices shall be clearly communicated to all
	workers. Any exceptions to this system (e.g. immediate termination for gross
	misconduct, such as theft or assault) shall also be in writing and clearly
	communicated to workers.
ER.27.3.1	Workers must be informed when a disciplinary procedure has been initiated against
	them.
ER.27.3.2	Workers have the right to participate and be heard in any disciplinary procedure
	against them.
ER.27.3.3	Workers must sign all written records of disciplinary action against them.
ER.27.3.4	Records of disciplinary action must be maintained in the worker's personnel file.
ER.27.4	The disciplinary system shall include a third party witness during imposition, and an
	appeal process.
ER.28 Skills Develo	pment/Training
ER.28.1	Employers shall have written policies and procedures and implement practices that
	encourage ongoing training of all categories of workers with the goal of raising or
	broadening skills in order to advance in their careers within the factory or beyond.
ER.28.1.1	The policies and procedures should include how workers will be informed of training
	opportunities, eligibility requirement for participation, if the training will be
	compulsory or voluntary, if it will take place during or after working hours, and if the
	training time will be compensated.
ER.28.1.2	Policies and procedures must encompass local legal requirements.
ER.28.2	Trainings shall be documented and workers shall clearly understand what is required
	of them in order to advance to the next level within the factory.
ER.29 Skills Develop	pment/Management of Performance Reviews
ER.29.1	Employers shall have written policies and procedures with regard to performance
	reviews that outline the review steps and process, demonstrate linkages to job
	grading, prohibit discrimination, are provided in writing and seek feedback and
	agreement/disagreement from employees in writing, and that follow all local legal
	requirements.
ER.29.1.1	The performance review process should be communicated to the workforce and
	reviewed regularly.
ER.30 Skills Develop	pment/Promotion, Demotion and Job Reassignment
ER.30.1	Employers shall have written policies and procedures with regard to promotion,
L11.50.1	demotion, and job reassignment that are transparent and fair in their
	Lacinotion, and job reassignment that are transparent and fail in their

	implementation.
ER.30.1.1	Policies and procedures should outline the criteria for promotion, demotion, and job
	reassignment scheme, demonstrate linkages to job grading, and prohibit
	discrimination or use of demotion or job reassignment as a form of penalty or
	punishment.
ER.30.1.2	Outcomes should be provided in writing and seek feedback and
	agreement/disagreement from employees in writing.
ER.30.1.3	Processes should follow local legal requirements.
ER.30.2	Policies and procedures should be communicated to the workforce and reviewed
	regularly.
ER.31 Health, Safe	ety, and Environmental Management System/Policies and Procedures
ER.31.1	Employers shall develop, maintain, and regularly review written health, safety, and
	environmental policies, at the very least, aimed at complying with legal minimum
	health, safety, and environmental standards, regulations and procedures.
ER.31.2	The health, safety, and environmental policies shall contain the framework for a
	comprehensive health, safety, and environmental management system within which
	the following are clear and regularly tested and reviewed:
ER.31.2.1	employers' responsibilities,
ER.31.2.2	workers' rights and duties,
ER.31.2.3	responsibilities of designated personnel,
ER.31.2.4	procedures that enable workers to raise health, safety, and environmental concerns
ER.31.2.5	procedures for reporting death, injury, illness and other health and safety issues (for
	instance, near-miss accidents) and environmental emergencies, and,
ER.31.2.6	protections to workers who allege health, safety, and environmental violations.
ER.31.3	Environmental policies shall commit to minimize environmental impacts with respect
	to energy, air emissions, water, waste, hazardous materials, and other significant
	environmental risks.
ER.32 Termination	and Retrenchment/General Policies and Procedures
ER.32.1	Employers shall have in place a formal written policy governing all aspects and modes
	of termination and retrenchment.
ER.32.2	Employers shall maintain proper and accurate records in relation to termination and
	retrenchment.
ER.32.3	When employers are faced with major changes in production, program, organization,
	structure, or technology and those changes are likely to result in temporary or
	permanent layoffs, employers shall communicate any alternatives to retrenchment
	that have been considered and consult any workers' representatives as early as
	possible with a view to averting or minimizing layoffs.
ER.32.4	Where temporary or permanent layoffs are unavoidable, a plan should be developed
	and implemented that mitigates the adverse effects of such changes on workers and
	their communities.
ER.32.5	The plan should be clearly communicated and posted, and include feedback channels
	for workers to ask questions and seek clarifications.
ER.32.6	Employers shall give retrenched workers opportunity to transfer to other owned
	facilities in the country at a comparable wage and make all efforts to facilitate re-

VIII. Wages and Benefits (W&B)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISIONS: We seek and favor suppliers who progressively raise employee living standards through improved wage systems, benefits, welfare programs and other services, which exceed legal requirements and enhance quality of life. Every worker has a right to compensation for a regular work week that is sufficient to meet the worker's and their family's basic needs and provide some discretionary income. Employers shall pay wages which equal or exceed minimum wage or the appropriate prevailing wage, whichever is higher, comply with all legal requirements on wages, and provide any fringe benefits required by law and/or contract. Where compensation does not meet workers' basic needs and provide some discretionary income, each employer shall work with Patagonia and the Fair Labor Association (FLA) to take appropriate actions that seek to progressively realize a level of compensation that does. (ILO Conventions 26 and 131)

MOD 1 Conomal Consultan	as Commonsation
W&B.1 General Complian	
	all national laws, regulations and procedures concerning the payment of compensation
to workers.	
W&B.1.1	In any case where differences or conflicts in national law and FLA Workplace
	Code arise, employers are expected to apply the highest standard.
W&B.1.2	In any case where national laws, regulations and procedures do not address the
	payment of compensation to workers, employers shall follow all standards in the FLA
	Workplace Code that apply to administration and payment of compensation and shall
	provide an employment contract that includes stipulation of compensation payment
	to workers.
W&B.1.3	Where compensation for a regular work week is not sufficient to meet workers'
	basic needs and provide some discretionary income, each employer shall work with
	the FLA to take appropriate actions that seek to progressively realize a level of
	compensation that does.
W&B.1.4	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	violations of compensation laws, regulations, and procedures.
W&B.2 Minimum Wage	
W&B.2.1	Employers shall pay workers at least the legal minimum wage or the prevailing
	industry wage, whichever is higher, for regular working hours (not including
	overtime). Workers should also be informed about the legal minimum wage.
W&B.3 Training and Prob	ation Wage
W&B.3.1	Where probationary or training employment is legally allowed, the wage shall not be
	below the legal minimum and no workers shall work more than three months
	cumulatively in those employment categories.
W&B.4 Timely Payment o	f Wages
W&B.4.1	All wages, including payment for overtime, shall be paid within legally defined time
	limits. When no time limits are defined by law, compensation shall be paid at least
	once a month.
W&B.5 Accurate Calculati	on, Recording, and Payment of Wage
W&B.5.1	All payments to workers, including hourly wages, piecework, fringe benefits and other
	incentives shall be calculated, recorded, and paid accurately.
W&B.6 Accurate Length o	f Service Calculation
W&B.6.1	All workers shall be credited with all time worked for an employer for purposes of
	calculating length of service and determine the fringe benefits to which workers are

	entitled.
W&B.6 Nonpayment of	
W&B.6.1	Regardless of any production quotas, incentives shall not be reduced or not paid if the
W&B.U.1	result shall be wages below the legal minimum wage or the prevailing industry wage,
	whichever is higher.
W&B.7 Deposit of Lega	lly Mandated Deductions
W&B.7.1	All legally mandated deductions for taxes, social insurance, or other purposes shall be
WQD.7.1	deposited each pay period in the legally defined account or transmitted to the legally
	defined agency. This includes any lawful garnishments for back taxes, etc.
W&B.7.1.1	Employers shall not hold over any of these funds from one pay period to the other
WQD.7.1.1	unless the law specifies that deposits are to be made less frequently than pay periods
	(e.g. monthly deposits, weekly pay).
W&B.7.1.2	If the law does not specify, then deposits shall be made before the next pay period in
VV QD.7.1.2	all cases.
W&B.8 Voluntary Wage	
W&B.8.1	Voluntary wage deductions for savings clubs, loan payments, etc. can only be made
WQD.O.1	with the express and written consent of workers and fall within the limits and
	conditions specified by law.
W&B.8.1.1	Written consent shall be documented in employee files.
W&B.8.1.1	All such voluntary deductions shall be credited to proper accounts and funds shall not
WQD.0.2	
W&B.9 Voluntary Wage	be held illegally or inappropriately by employers. Deduction/Workers Access to Information
W&B.9.1	Workers shall have access to regular and full information concerning the status of
WQD.9.1	relevant accounts and the status and level of their payments thereto.
W&B.10 Pay Statement	<u> </u>
•	
shall show:	orkers a pay statement each pay period and not less frequently than once a month, which
W&B.10.1	earned wages,
W&B.10.2	wage calculations,
W&B.10.3	total number of hours worked,
W&B.10.4	regular and overtime pay,
W&B.10.5	bonuses,
W&B.10.6	all deductions, and
W&B.10.7	final total wage.
W&B.11 Compensation	
W&B.11.1	All compensation records, including wages and fringe benefits whether in cash or
	in-kind, must be properly documented and their receipt and accuracy must be
	confirmed by the relevant worker in writing (e.g. signature, thumbprint).
W&B.11.2	No one can receive wages on behalf of a worker, unless the worker concerned has, in
	full freedom, authorized in writing for another person to do so.
W&B.12 Record Mainte	
W&B.12.1	Employers shall ensure that all legally required payroll documents, journals and
	reports are available, complete, accurate and up-to date.
W&B.13 False Payroll R	
W&B.13.1	Employers shall not use hidden or multiple payroll records in order to hide overtime,
	to falsely demonstrate hourly wages, or for any other fraudulent reason.

W&B.13.2 W&B.14 Workers Av	Payroll records maintained shall be authentic and accurate.
W&B.14 Workers Av	
	vareness and Understanding of Compensation
W&B.14.1	Employers shall make every reasonable effort to ensure workers understand their
	compensation, including:
W&B.14.1.1	the calculation of wages,
W&B.14.1.2	incentives systems,
W&B.14.1.3	fringe benefits, and
W&B.14.1.4	bonuses they are entitled to at the workplace and under applicable laws.
W&B.14.1.5	Employers shall communicate orally and in writing to all workers all relevant
	information in the local language or language spoken by the workers, if different from
	the local language.
W&B.15 Employer P	rovided Fringe Benefits
W&B.15.1	All workers have a right to use or not to use services provided by employers, such as
	housing or meals.
W&B.15.2	Deductions for services to workers shall not exceed the cost of the service to
	employers.
W&B.15.3	Employers must be able to demonstrate the accuracy or reasonableness of these
	charges.
W&B.16 Compensat	ion Disputes
W&B.16.1	Employers must establish a system through which workers can dispute compensation
	and receive clarifications in this respect in a timely manner.
IX. Overtime Wages: (от)
WORKPLACE CODE PRocompensated for over	OVISIONS: In addition to compensation for regular working hours, employees must be time hours at the rate legally required in the country of manufacture or, in those countries of exist, at a rate exceeding the regular hourly compensation rate by at least 125%. (ILO
WORKPLACE CODE PRocompensated for overwhere such laws do no Convention 1 and 30)	OVISIONS: In addition to compensation for regular working hours, employees must be time hours at the rate legally required in the country of manufacture or, in those countries at exceeding the regular hourly compensation rate by at least 125%. (ILO
WORKPLACE CODE PRocompensated for overwhere such laws do not Convention 1 and 30) OT.1 Calculation Base	OVISIONS: In addition to compensation for regular working hours, employees must be time hours at the rate legally required in the country of manufacture or, in those countries of exist, at a rate exceeding the regular hourly compensation rate by at least 125%. (ILO
WORKPLACE CODE PRocompensated for overwhere such laws do no Convention 1 and 30)	OVISIONS: In addition to compensation for regular working hours, employees must be time hours at the rate legally required in the country of manufacture or, in those countries at exist, at a rate exceeding the regular hourly compensation rate by at least 125%. (ILO sis for Overtime Payments The factory shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and procedures
WORKPLACE CODE PRocompensated for overwhere such laws do not Convention 1 and 30) OT.1 Calculation Base	OVISIONS: In addition to compensation for regular working hours, employees must be time hours at the rate legally required in the country of manufacture or, in those countries at exist, at a rate exceeding the regular hourly compensation rate by at least 125%. (ILO sis for Overtime Payments The factory shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and procedures governing the payment of premium rates for work on holidays, rest days, and
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X. HOURS OF WORK: (HoW)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISIONS: Suppliers shall not require workers to work more than the regular and overtime hours allowed by the law of the country where the workers are employed. The regular work week shall not exceed 48 hours or the maximum allowed by the law of the country of manufacture, whichever is less. Employers shall allow workers at least 24 consecutive hours of rest in every seven-day period. All overtime work shall be consensual. Employers shall not request overtime hours on a regular basis. The sum of regular and overtime hours in a week shall not exceed 60 hours or the maximum allowed by the law of the county of manufacture, whichever is less. (ILO Convention 1)

HoW.1 General Complianc	e Hours of Work
HoW.1.1	Employers shall comply with all national laws, regulations and procedures concerning
	hours of work, public holidays and leave.
HoW.1.2	Employers shall have in place practices that conduct regular analysis of hours of work
	in their workplaces with a view to progressively reducing excessive hours of work.
HoW.1.3	Other than in exceptional circumstances, the total weekly work hours (regular work
	hours plus overtime) shall not exceed 60 hours per week.
HoW.2 Rest Day	
HoW.2.1	Workers shall be entitled to at least 24 consecutive hours of rest in every seven-day
	period. If workers must work on a rest day, an alternative consecutive 24 hours must
	be provided within that same seven-day period or immediately following.
HoW.3 Meal and Rest Brea	aks
HoW.3.1	Employers shall provide reasonable meal and rest breaks, which, at a minimum, must
	comply with national laws
HoW.4 Protected Workers	(Women and Young Workers)/Regulations on Hours of Work
HoW.4.1	The workplace shall comply with all applicable laws governing work hours regulating
	or limiting the nature, frequency and volume of work performed by women or
	workers under the age of 18.
HoW.4.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	violations of laws governing work hours limiting the nature, frequency and volume of
	work performed by women or workers under the age of 18
HoW.5 Protected Workers	(Women and Young Workers)/Record Keeping
HoW.5.1	Employers shall maintain necessary records identifying all women workers and all
	workers under the age of 18 entitled to legal protection concerning work hours.
HoW.5.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	violations of maintenance of records identifying all women workers or workers under
	the age of 18 entitled to legal protections concerning work hours.
	asonable Levels of Staff
HoW.6.1	Employers' personnel practices shall demonstrate an effort to maintain a level of
	staffing that is reasonable in view of predictable or continuing fluctuations in business
	demand.
	on over Period Longer than One Week
HoW.7.1	Employers are allowed to calculate regular hours of work as an average over a period
	of longer than one week, where national laws, regulations and procedures provide for
	such a possibility, but only when all formal and procedural requirements attached to
	such calculation (for instance, obtaining official permission from the relevant
	authorities or limits to the period during which such calculations can be made) are

	met. However, the basis for such calculation shall not exceed 48 hours per week.
HoW.8 Forced Overtime	/Exceptional Circumstances
HoW.8.1	Employers shall not require workers to work more than the overtime hours allowed
HUVV.0.1	by the law of the country where the workers are employed.
HoW.8.2	All overtime work shall be consensual.
HoW.8.3	Other than in exceptional circumstances, the sum of regular and overtime hours in a
	week shall not exceed 60 hours.
HoW.8.4	Employers shall demonstrate a commitment to reduce overtime.
HoW.8.5	Employers shall enact a voluntary overtime system, including for overtime mandated
	to meet exceptional circumstances.
	mstance/Overtime Explanation
HoW.9.1	Employers shall be able to provide explanation for all periods when the exceptional
	circumstances exception has been used.
HoW.9.2	Employers shall take reasonable steps to inform workers about the nature and
	expected duration of the circumstances sufficiently in advance to allow workers to
	make alternative plans.
HoW.10 Public Holidays	
HoW.10.1	Employers shall provide workers with all official public holidays as required under
	national laws, regulations and procedures.
HoW.11 Annual Leave	
HoW.11.1	Employers shall provide workers with paid annual leave as required under national
	laws, regulations and procedures.
HoW.12 Annual Leave/D	Petermination
HoW.12.1	Employers shall not impose any undue restrictions on workers' use of annual leave.
HoW.12.2	The time at which annual leave is taken is determined by employers in consultation
	with workers, taking into account work requirements and the opportunities for rest
	and relaxation available to workers.
HoW.13 Annual Leave/R	
HoW.13.1	Any workplace restrictions or procedures applicable to taking annual leave (e.g.,
	requiring a minimum period of service before being allowed to use annual leave,
	written requests to be submitted a certain time before the annual leave) must be in
	line with national laws, regulations and procedures and must be communicated in full
	to all workers.
HoW.14 Annual Leave/V	
HoW.14.1	Employers shall provide workers taking annual leave their normal or average wages
	for the full period of annual leave in advance, unless specified differently under
	national laws, regulations and procedures.
HoW.15 Leave/Retaliation	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HoW.15.1	Employers shall not impose any sanction on workers for requesting or taking any type
IIO VV. IJ. I	of leave, such as annual, sick, or maternity, in line with all applicable rules and
	procedures.
HoW.16 Sick Leave	procedures.
	Employers shall provide workers with sick leave as required and an actional leave
HoW.16.1	Employers shall provide workers with sick leave as required under national laws,
11-14/47 01 1 /7 -	regulations and procedures.
HoW.17 Sick Leave/Rest	
HoW.17.1	Employers shall not impose any undue restrictions on sick leave. Any workplace

	restrictions or procedures regarding sick leave (e.g. informing the employer as soon
	as possible, the provision of medical certificates, the use of designated doctors or
	hospitals) must be in line with national laws, regulations and procedures and must be
	communicated in full to all workers.
HoW.18 Calculation of	
HoW.18.1	Absences from work for reasons beyond the control of workers, such as sick leave or
	periods during which workplace operations are suspended, shall not be counted as
	annual leave nor shall they be deducted from calculations concerning length of
	service, unless specified differently under national laws, regulations and procedures.
HoW.19 Suspension of	Work
HoW.19.1	Employers can only suspend work in accordance with national laws, regulations and
	procedures.
HoW.19.2	Workers shall be paid in full during periods of suspension, unless national laws
	stipulate otherwise, workers and their representative organizations agree otherwise,
	or the relevant national authorities authorize the alternative arrangement.
XI. HEALTH AND SAFETY:	(H&S)
WORKPLACE CODE PROV	ISION: Suppliers shall provide a safe and healthy workplace to prevent accidents and
injury to health arising ou	ut of, linked with, or occurring in the course of work or as a result of the operation of
	ut of, linked with, or occurring in the course of work or as a result of the operation of employer shall take a proactive approach to health and safety by implementing policies,
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	blocked within their workstations, employee education, evacuation procedures) shall
	be complied with.
H&S.5.2	Workers shall be trained in evacuation procedures.
H&S.5.3	Alarm systems shall be regularly tested and evacuation drills shall be undertaken at
	least annually.
H&S.5.4	The evacuation emergency plan (EEP) includes procedures for notifying local
	community authorities in case of accidental discharge or release of chemical/waste
	products or any other environmental emergency.
H&S.6 Safety Equipm	ent and First Aid Training
H&S.6.1	All safety and medical equipment (e.g. firefighting equipment, first aid kits) shall be
	available in sufficient numbers throughout the workplace, maintained and stocked as
	prescribed, and easily accessible to workers.
H&S.6.2	A sufficient number of workers shall be trained in first aid and firefighting techniques.
H&S.7 Personal Prote	ctive Equipment
H&S.7.1	Workers shall be provided at no cost with all the appropriate and necessary personal
	protective equipment (e.g. gloves, eye protection, hearing protection, respiratory
	protection) to effectively prevent unsafe exposure (e.g. inhalation or contact with
	solvent vapors, noise, dust) to health and safety hazards, including medical waste.
H&S.8 Use of Persona	al Protective Equipment
H&S.8.1	Workers shall be provided with training on the use and maintenance of personal
	protective equipment. The employer is held responsible for enforcing the use of
	personal protective equipment while employees are exposed to hazardous
	conditions.
H&S.9 Chemical Mana	agement and Training
H&S.9.1	All chemicals and hazardous substances shall be properly labeled and stored in
	secure and ventilated areas and disposed of in a safe and legal manner, in accordance
	with applicable laws.
H&S.9.2	Labels shall be placed in the local language and the language spoken by workers, if
	different from the local language.
H&S.9.3	Workers shall receive training, appropriate to their job responsibilities, concerning
	the hazards, risks and the safe use of chemicals and other hazardous substances.
H&S.10 Material Safe	ty Data Sheets/Workers Access and Awareness
H&S.10.1	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all chemicals and hazardous substances used
1143.10.1	in the workplace must be available at the usage and storage sites of the chemicals
	and hazardous substances, in the local language and the language spoken by workers,
	if different from the local language.
H&S.10.2	Workers shall have free access to MSDS.
	nagement/Pregnant Women and Young Workers
H&S.11.1	To prevent unsafe exposure to hazardous chemicals and hazardous substances,
1103.11.1	appropriate accommodations shall be made for pregnant women and workers under
	the age of 18, as required by applicable laws or the provisions of the FLA Workplace
	Code, in a manner that does not unreasonably disadvantage workers.
⊔9.C 11 2	
H&S.11.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	violations of accommodations to prevent unsafe exposure to hazardous chemicals
110.C.42 P : .: 7	and hazardous substances for pregnant women and workers under age 18.
H&S.12 Protection Re	productive Health

H&S.12.1	Employers shall ensure that women are not engaged in work that constitutes a
	substantial risk to their reproductive health.
H&S.12.2	If not provided by law, employers must provide protection to workers who allege
	women are engaged in work that constitutes a substantial risk to their health.
H&S.13 Ventilation/Electri	cal/Facility Installation and Maintenance
H&S.13.1	All necessary ventilation, plumbing, electrical, noise and lighting services shall be
	installed and maintained to conform to applicable laws and to prevent or minimize
	hazardous conditions to workers in the facility.
H&S.13.2	Suppliers shall make every effort, whether mechanical or structural, to ensure a
	reasonably comfortable temperature is maintained in the factory at all times. Policies
	and procedures shall be maintained so due diligence of temperature is a daily
	responsibility. Managers and supervisors shall be trained regularly on these policies
	and procedures which shall include identifying and treating heat stress illnesses.
H&S.14 Machinery Safety,	Maintenance and Workers Training
H&S.14.1	All production machinery, equipment and tools shall be properly guarded and
1103.14.1	regularly maintained.
110.5.14.2	
H&S.14.2	Workers shall receive training in the proper use and safe operation of machinery,
110.5.11.0	equipment and tools they use.
H&S.14.3	Employers shall ensure safety instructions are either displayed or posted near all
	machinery or are readily accessible to the workers in language(s) spoken by workers.
H&S.15 Proper Use of Mac	
H&S.15.1	Employers shall not use negative incentives like monetary penalty schemes to ensure
	workers use machinery, equipment and tools safely and properly. Rather, training on
	risk awareness, proper machine use, as well as positive incentives like bonuses should
	be used.
H&S.16 Workers Refusal to	Use Unguarded or Unsafe Machinery
H&S.16.1	Workers shall not suffer any negative consequences for refusing to work with
	machinery, equipment or tools that are not properly guarded or reasonably
	considered unsafe.
H&S.17 Ergonomics	
H&S.17.1	Workstations, including seating and standing arrangements and reach required to
	obtain tools, shall be designed and set-up in such a manner as to minimize bodily
	strains.
H&S.17.2	Employers shall train workers in proper lifting techniques and items such as belts shall
	be provided.
H&S.18 Medical Facilities	·
H&S.18.1	Medical facilities shall be established and maintained in factories as required by
	applicable laws.
H&S.18.2	Medical staff shall be fully licensed and recognized under applicable national rules
	and regulations.
H&S.18.2.1	An appropriate number of medical staff shall be on duty during all working hours,
	including any type of overtime, as required under national law.
H&S.18.3	An appropriate stock of medical supplies shall be maintained at all times. HSE.18.3.1
1103.10.3	Medicines of which the expiration date has passed must be replaced immediately and
	disposed of in a safe manner.
HOC 10 Conitation in Manual	·
H&S.19 Sanitation in Work	piace racinities

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H&S.19.1	All facilities including workplace buildings, toilets, canteens, kitchens, and clinics, shall
	be kept clean and safe and be in compliance with all applicable laws, including
	relevant sanitation, medical, and safety and health regulations.
H&S.20 Toilets	
H&S.20.1	Employers shall establish the number of toilets required under applicable laws within
	reasonable distance of the workplace. In addition, the following should also be
	considered: number of toilets based on number of workers, privacy for each
	individual and gender, accessibility and hygiene.
H&S.21 Toilets/Restriction	is
H&S.21.1	Employers shall not place any undue restrictions on toilet use in terms of time and
	frequency.
H&S.22 Food Preparation	
H&S.22.1	All food made available to workers shall be prepared, stored, and served in a safe and
	sanitary manner in accordance with all applicable laws.
H&S.22.2	All workers handling food shall be provided with the tools and equipment necessary
	to do so in a safe and sanitary manner.
H&S.23 Drinking Water	
H&S.23.1	Safe and clean drinking water shall be freely available at all times, within reasonable
	distance to the work stations, and in a sufficient number of access points to
	encourage regular water consumption.
H&S.23.1.1	Drinking water shall be of a reasonable temperature.
H&S.23.1.2	The means to drink water (e.g. cups) must be safe and sanitary and available in an
	appropriate number.
H&S.24 Drinking Water/Re	estrictions
H&S.24.1	Employers shall not place any undue restrictions on drinking water in terms of time
	and frequency.
H&S.25 Dormitory Facilitie	es s
H&S.25.1	Dormitory facilities should meet all applicable laws and regulations related to health,
	safety, and environment, including fire safety, sanitation, risk protection and
	electrical, mechanical, and structural safety.
H&S.25.1.1	All dormitories shall be kept secure, clean, and have safety provisions (e.g. fire
	extinguishers, first aid kits, unobstructed emergency exits, emergency lighting).
H&S.25.2	Emergency evacuation drills shall also be conducted at least annually.
H&S.26 Dormitories Separa	ate From Production Facilities
H&S.26.1	All dormitory facilities must be structurally sound, in good repair, and located
	separately from production, warehouse and hazardous chemical storage areas.
H&S.27 Childcare Facilities	s/Children on Premises
H&S.27.1	Childcare facilities shall not physically overlap with production areas and children
	shall not have access to production areas.
H&S.27.2	Children under the minimum working age shall not be allowed in workplace areas at
	any time, unless they are part of a guided school tour or other such unusual event.
H&S.27.3	Children must not visit parents in workplace areas.
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XII. ENVIRONMENT: (ENV)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: Suppliers shall maintain written environmental policies and standards and must comply with all applicable environmental laws, our Code and Benchmarks, and agree to be monitored separately

for environmental responsibility. Factories shall continuously monitor, and are encouraged to disclose to Patagonia, their energy and natural resource usage, emissions, discharges, carbon footprint and disposal of wastes and take a progressive approach to minimize negative impacts on the environment.

Notes:

- 1. Depending on factory processes, garment suppliers with low chemical usage may not be evaluated on the following sections: ENV.4 (D) Wastewater, ENV.5 (E) Air Emissions, ENV.14 (N) Contaminated Land, Soil and Groundwater Pollution Prevention, and ENV.15 (O) Land Use & Biodiversity.
- 2. The following benchmarks are our <u>minimum</u> environmental requirements for suppliers and are based on both Global Social Compliance Programme (GSCP) and the facilities Higg Index environmental standards. Full Scope of our environmental requirements can be found in our environmental audit tool.

ENV.1(A) Environme	ental Management Systems (EMS)
ENV.1.1	The facility shall have in place EMS management systems including written policies,
	procedures, training and appointed people to ensure compliance with all legally
	required environmental regulations and the reduction or elimination of negative
	environmental impacts.
ENV.2(B) Energy and	d GHG Emissions
ENV.2.1	The facility shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and maintain valid
	permits governing the facilities' energy consumption. Facilities shall have a strategy
	and management systems in place to facilitate the reduction of energy consumption.
ENV.2.2	The facility shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and maintain valid
	permits governing the facilities' greenhouse gas emissions. An inventory of main point
	source emissions shall be maintained and measured, and facility considers and
	reduces or eliminates fugitive emissions.
ENV.3(C) Water Use	2
ENV.3.1	The facility shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and procedures related
	to water use including maintaining all required permits and measuring and reducing
	water consumption.
ENV.4(D) Wastewat	ter
ENV.4.1	The facility meets legal requirements, holds all relevant, up-to-date permits and
	meets all Patagonia environmental audit specifications governing wastewater
	including: drainage plans, water treatment, identification of all contaminants, and
	continuous improvement plans for waste water reduction.
ENV.5(E) Air Emissio	ons
ENV.5.1	The facility shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations and procedures
	governing air emissions including: possessing all current records and permits, and
	keeping an inventory of main emissions and emission points.
ENV.5.2	Facilities shall have a strategy and management systems in place to facilitate the
	reduction and elimination of air emissions.
ENV.6(F) Ozone Dep	pleting Substances (ODS)
ENV.6.1	The facility shall comply with all applicable laws and holds all relevant, up-to-date
	permits governing ozone depleting substances including: preventative maintenance
	of ODS-containing equipment.
ENV.6.2	Facilities shall have a strategy and management systems in place to facilitate the
	reduction and elimination of ozone depleting substances.

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	Management Program. The facility has chosen and implemented either the bluesign®
	screening or a comparable strategic testing program.
ENV.11.1 B	Heavy Chemical Garment Factories: The facility has started the bluesign® Screening
	process for non-textile facilities or a similar environmental certification program with
	a reputable third party.
ENV.12(L) Continuous I	mprovement Effort
ENV.12.1	The facility shows continuous improvement on environmental audit findings and
	displays a genuine effort to progress to higher levels of environmental management.
ENV.13(M) Major Incid	ent Management
ENV.13.1	The facility shall have a major incident management system in place which includes
	having an emergency plan that complies with all applicable laws. Employees must be
	sufficiently trained on the emergency procedures and functioning equipment readily
	available at all times.
ENV.14(N) Contaminate	ed Land, Soil and Groundwater Pollution Prevention
ENV.14.1	The facility meets all legal requirements and holds all relevant, up-to-date permits
	governing contaminated land, soil and groundwater pollution prevention.
ENV.14.2	The facility understands and is aware of site setting/sensitive receptors in site's
	vicinity.
ENV.14.3	The facility is not causing or knowingly permitting contamination of soil and
	groundwater.
ENV.15(O) Land Use &	Biodiversity
ENV.15.1	The facility meets legal requirements, holds all relevant, up-to-date permits and
	meets all client specifications governing land use and biodiversity.
ENV.15.2	Suppliers shall not have a negative impact on designated protection areas or species.

XIII. COMMUNITY: (COMMUNITY)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: Patagonia encourages all suppliers and their employees to get involved in local social and environmental community charity efforts by volunteering time and/or providing other types of support. Patagonia has a solid history of supporting grass roots environmental non-profits and co-founded 1% for the Planet, an environmental advocacy organization in 2002. We seek long term partnerships with suppliers that share these same philanthropic values.

Note: Patagonia will ask questions about charity involvement but will not affect assessment grade.

COMMUNITY.1 COMMUNITY	
COMMUNITY.1.1	Patagonia encourages all suppliers and their employees to get involved in local social
	and environmental community charity efforts by volunteering time and/or providing
	other types of support. We seek long term partnerships with suppliers that share
	these same philanthropic values.

XIV. SUBCONTRACTING: (SUB)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: Patagonia does not permit subcontracting without our prior written approval. All salesman-sample and bulk production orders must be placed within facilities that have been preapproved by Patagonia, without exception. Direct suppliers are required to continuously monitor approved subcontractors and

Benchmarks.	
SUB.1 Use of Subco	ntracting
SUB.1.1	Suppliers are required to disclose in writing to Patagonia's Sourcing and CSR teams the locations of all facilities that contribute to the production of Patagonia goods.
SUB.1.2	Supplier shall notify Patagonia's Sourcing and CSR teams immediately in writing of any changes in factory location(s) for our production prior to the production moving to the new facility. Suppliers shall allow any and all new facilities to be audited for social and environmental responsibility before production is placed.
SUB.1.3	Homework of any form is prohibited unless direct written consent is given from Patagonia's Souring and CSR teams.
	The state of the s
	PROVISION: Suppliers must respect animal welfare and work progressively towards adopting the practices towards animals based on best available technology and standards.
WORKPLACE CODE	PROVISION: Suppliers must respect animal welfare and work progressively towards adopting
WORKPLACE CODE healthy and human	PROVISION: Suppliers must respect animal welfare and work progressively towards adopting the practices towards animals based on best available technology and standards. All suppliers must adopt healthy and humane practices that respect animal welfare

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: Patagonia and our suppliers are jointly responsible for ensuring social and environmental responsibility and the integrity of our product content claims from the farm through the finished goods factory level. The only way to work towards this goal is to have transparency and traceability of the full supply chain for each product. Patagonia requires suppliers to map and continuously track and monitor all locations in all levels of their supply chain and upon request provides transparency information into the owned and/or subcontracted farms, mills, plants, factories and other sites that are involved in the production of our products.

TRC.1.1	All suppliers must adopt policies and procedures, including tracking and training to
	facilitate transparency and traceability in their supply chain.
TRC.1.2	The facility shall maintain on site all valid, up-to-date, and applicable certificates,
	transaction records and other documentation related to materials or finished product
	traceability.
TRC.1.3	Where requested by Patagonia or required by industry, suppliers must obtain the
	correct industry certifications needed to prove content claims (example: organic
	cotton certificate) and provide this documentation to Patagonia as requested.
TRC.1.4	Upon request, suppliers must provide documentation and/or allow audits of their
	supply chain regarding traceability and product content claims.

XVII. CODE COMMUNICATION: (CCOM)

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: All suppliers are required to: (1) post the Patagonia Code standards and separate

Patagonia grievance phone number document in a conspicuous place frequented by all employees in the local languages spoken by employees, supervisors and managers; (2) undertake annual, documented training efforts to educate current and new employees about the Patagonia Code standards and use of the Patagonia grievance phone number.

CCOM.1.1	Suppliers shall post Patagonia's code of conduct in a prominent place, and in the local languages spoken by employees and managers.
CCON4.4.2	
CCOM.1.2	Suppliers shall conduct and document in writing an <u>annual</u> training on Patagonia Code
	standards for all <u>current</u> employees.
CCOM.1.3	Suppliers shall conduct and document in writing training on Patagonia Code standards
	for all <u>new</u> employees upon hire.
CCOM.1.4	Suppliers shall post Patagonia's grievance phone number in a prominent place, and in
	the local languages spoken by employees and managers.
CCOM.1.5	Suppliers shall conduct and document an annual training on Patagonia's grievance
	phone number for all <u>current</u> employees.
CCOM.1.6	Suppliers shall conduct and document training on Patagonia's grievance phone
	number for all <u>new</u> employees upon hire.
CCOM.1.7	Suppliers shall provide proof of compliance with the above six benchmarks on an
	annual basis or as requested in the form of photos and documents.

XVIII. QUALITY

WORKPLACE CODE PROVISION: Quality is the result of clarity, capable and well-integrated systems, and good communication. To achieve this, factories must have a clearly documented quality system and quality improvement plan. That system must include reliable "in process" and final finished goods audits and procedures that meet Patagonia's quality standards. These audits must be performed by a trained QA staff person provided by the factory. The QA staff person must be granted the autonomy and support he/she needs in order to provide an unbiased report on the quality of every shipment of finished goods. Compliance with our quality requirements is monitored by Patagonia's Quality Department.

Note: Please contact Patagonia's Quality Department for their specific requirements.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

BASIC NEEDS. The minimum necessary for a worker and two dependents to have access to resources, including food, safe drinking water, clothing, shelter, energy, transportation, education, sanitation facilities and access to health care services.

COMPENSATION. Total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by the employer to an employee in return for work done by the latter during a specific time period. Compensation of employees has two main components:

- (a) Wages and salaries payable in cash;
- (b) The value of the fringe benefit or social contributions payable by employers: these may be actual social contributions payable by employers to Social Security schemes or to private funded social insurance schemes to secure social benefits for their employees; or contributions by employers providing unfunded social benefits.

DISCRETIONARY INCOME. The amount of a worker's wages available for spending or saving after basic needs have been met.

EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES. Events or circumstances which substantially disrupt production and which are out of the ordinary and out of the control of the employer, including earthquakes, floods, fires, national emergencies, force majeure, or periods of prolonged political instability. The definition does not include peak production periods, which can be planned for, or holidays or seasonal fluctuations.

EMPLOYEES. All men and women directly employed or contracted by an employer, including executives, managers, supervisors, and workers.

EMPLOYER. A person or institution that has the authority to sign contracts, including employment contracts and to hire and dismiss persons in the workplace. Employers offer wages or a salary to workers in exchange for the workers' work or labor. Employers are responsible for implementing the FLA Workplace Code in applicable facilities.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. Any person or entity, independent of the public authorities, which provides services for matching offers of and applications for employment and other services relating to job seeking, such as the provision of information, or which employs workers with a view to making them available to a third party .

FRINGE BENEFITS. Remuneration in cash, kind or services in addition to payment for work done. This takes the form of holidays or leave with pay, social security benefits, medical care, health services, various allowances and bonuses, and housing, educational or recreational facilities. Additional benefits may be granted by employer, either on his own initiative or as a result of collective bargaining.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING. Recruitment, transportation, harboring, or receipt of people for the purposes of slavery, forced labor (including bonded labor or debt bondage), or servitude.

INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED OVERTIME RATE. The internationally recognized rate of pay for work beyond regular hours. ILO Convention 30, Hours of Work (Commerce and Offices) Convention, Article 7.4, establishes such rate at no less than one-and-a-quarter times the regular rate.

MANAGEMENT. Person or persons appointed by the owners or directors of an applicable facility to supervise or manage its operations.

PIECEWORK. Method of wage payment based on the number of units produced, or any work for which piece rates are paid.

PIECE RATE. Predetermined amount paid per unit of output to worker under a piecework incentive plan.

PRECARIOUS EMPLOYMENT. Work arrangement where employment security, which is considered one of the principal elements of the labor contract, is lacking. This term encompasses temporary and fixed-term labor contracts, homeworkers, contract workers, and contingent workers.

RETRENCHMENT. The permanent dismissal of an employee or employees in order to reduce the workforce.

WAGE. Payment made for work performed.

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS ON WAGES. All laws and regulations, national and local, concerning wages, including, but not limited to, full and on-time payment of wages for regular and overtime work; provision of benefits, including paid holidays; payment of social-security contributions; and compliance with prohibitions on discrimination in wage setting and payment practices.

MINIMUM WAGE. The minimum wage level established by national or local law.

PREVAILING WAGE. The level of wage generally paid in the relevant country or region of the country for work in the same sector and for comparable levels of responsibility and experience.

WORKER. All non-management personnel working at an applicable facility.

CONTINGENT WORKER (also known as casual worker). A person who works occasionally and intermittently. Such workers are employed for a specific number of hours, days or weeks.

CONTRACT WORKER. Labor supplied by a third-party employment

HOMEWORKER. A person who carries out work in his or her home or in other premises of his or her choice, other than the workplace of the employer, for a fixed wage or piece rate, which results in a product or service as specified by the employer, irrespective of who provides the equipment, materials or other inputs used.

MIGRANT WORKER. A person who migrates or who has migrated from one country to another or in some cases between regions or provinces of a country with a specific purpose of exercising an economic activity from which they will receive a wage.

SUBCONTRACTOR. Any subcontracted process outside of the factory we place orders with directly. Can be owned or not owned by the direct supplier we do business with.

SPECIAL CATEGORY OF WORKER. The term is specifically intended to identify workers who are not permanent, or not local, who are in a trainee role, who have special needs on a temporary or permanent basis (e.g. pregnant, juvenile, disabled workers), or who fall outside the formal workplace environment (e.g. homeworkers).

TEMPORARY WORKER. A person with a labor contract of limited or unspecified duration with no guarantee of continuation.

YOUNG WORKERS, JUVENILE WORKERS. Persons between the minimum working age and the age of 18.